

Systems Engineering

Solar Power

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iTIC <http://itic.cat>

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Solar cell types

- ▶ Polycrystalline
 - ▶ Typical outdoor applications
 - ▶ Sensitivity 500 nm to 1100 nm
 - ▶ Medium price
 - ▶ 13% power conversion efficiency
- ▶ Monocrystalline
 - ▶ Spectral sensitivity range 300 nm to 1100 nm
 - ▶ Usable for indoor and outdoor
 - ▶ Most expensive
 - ▶ Efficiency 15 to 22 %
- ▶ Amorphous
 - ▶ Spectral sensitivity range 300 nm to 600 nm
 - ▶ Indoor (solar calculators)
 - ▶ Efficiency 5 %

Typical light power densities

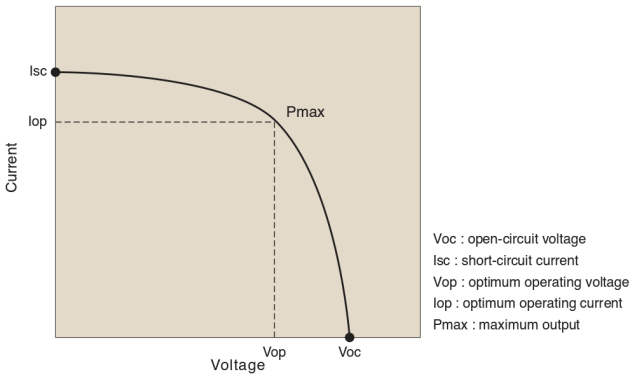
W/m^2	min	max
Bright sunlight	500	1000
Overcast sky	50	200
Department store	20	35
Grocery store	15	25
Meeting room	12	18
Office space	8	15
Warehouse	2	6

Power output from typical office space lighting (incandescent or halogen) : 100 times less than bright sunlight.

With fluorescent: 200 to 500 times less due to narrow spectrum.

i-v curve

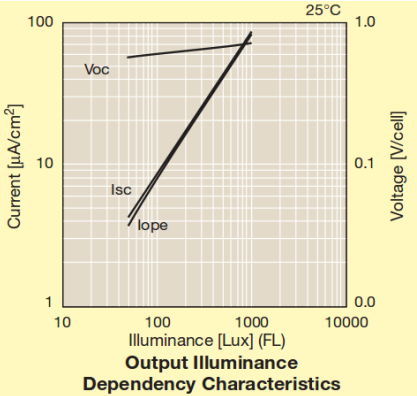
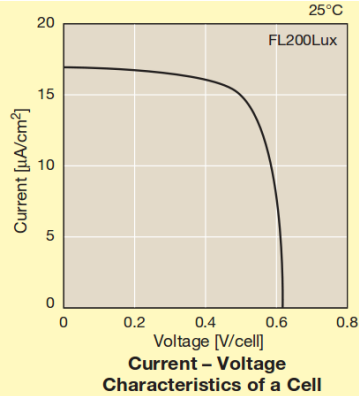
- ▶ Maximum power point (control voltage) mppcv



Current-Voltage Curve

Source: Sanyo Amorton

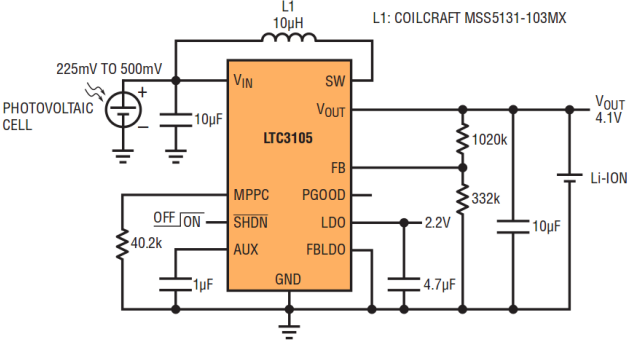
Indoor datasheet



Office lighting: 300 to 500 lux

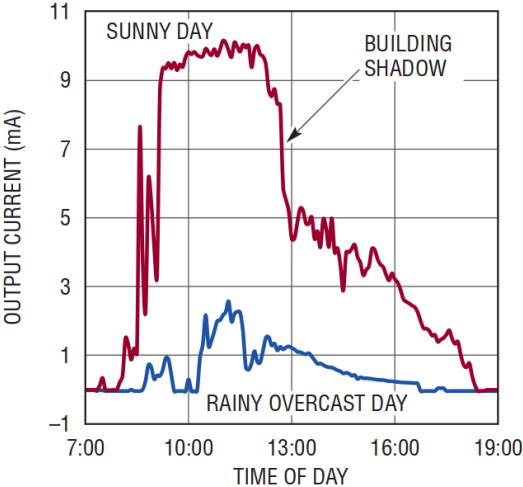
Source: Sanyo Amorton

Charging a Li-Ion battery



Source: Linear Technology

Charging profiles



2 x 1 INCH POLYCRYSTALLINE CELL